Macro Brazil

November 12, 2024



Copom minutes: Aiming at 50 bps – for how long?

▶ The Copom minutes indicated that authorities may prolong the tightening cycle if inflation expectations continue to deteriorate. It also signaled that the maintenance of a 50-bp pace is appropriate in view of current economic conditions and prospective uncertainties. Therefore, the committee seems keen to keep the current pace of tightening for now. But, in our view, chances are that economic conditions and inflation expectations – which depend on important fiscal decisions ahead – may require an acceleration of pace soon.

Main changes in inflation forecasts and balance of risks

In the tables below, we repeat the projections and balance of risks already presented in our report on the Copom decision last week. The inflation and Selic rate forecasts extracted from the Focus survey also refer to those published in the week of the decision.

Inflation forecasts presented in the latest meetings by the Copom										
Period	June**		July**		September	November				
	Reference	Alternative (constant Selic rate)	Reference	Alternative (constant Selic rate)	Reference	Reference				
IPCA 2024	4.0%	4.0%	4.2%	4.2%	4.3%	4.6%				
IPCA 2025	3.4%	3.1%	3.6%	3.4%	3.7%	3.9%				
Relevant Horizon***	-	-	3.4% (1Q26)	-	3.5% (1Q26)	3.6% (2Q26)				
Market-set prices 2024	-	-	-	-	4.4%	4.5%				
Market-set prices 2025	-	-	-	-	3.6%	3.8%				
Market-set prices 2Q26	-	-	-	-	-	3.4%				
Regulated prices 2024	4.4%	-	5.0%	-	4.2%	4.9%				
Regulated prices 2025	4.0%	-	4.0%	-	4.0%	4.2%				
Regulated prices 2Q26	-	-	-	-	-	4.3%				
Exogenous variables										
Exchange rate* (BRL/USD)	5.30		5.55		5.60	5.75				
Selic rate (Focus) 2024	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	11.25%	11.75%				
Selic rate (Focus) 2025	9.50%	10.50%	9.50%	10.50%	10.50%	11.50%				
Selic rate (Focus) 2026	9.00%	10.50%	9.00%	10.50%	9.50%	9.75%				
Inflation expectations (Focus) 2024	3.96%		4.10%		4.35%	4.59%				
Inflation expectations (Focus) 2025	3.80%		3.96%		3.95%	4.03%				
Inflation expectations (Focus) 2026	3.6	60%	3.60%		3.61%	3.61%				

^{*}Average observed on the ten business days ending on the last day of the week before the Copom meeting. Additionally, the exchange rate starts at the mentioned values and evolves according to the purchasing power parity (PPP) afterwards.

Source: Central Bank, Itaú.

^{**}The Copom presented an alternative scenario (in addition to the reference scenario) for its inflation projections, considering the Selic rate constant at the current level.

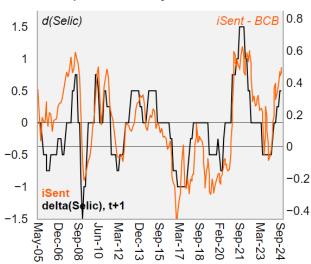
***Projection for six quarters ahead, the current relevant horizon for monetary policy, according to the new continuous inflation target system, effective from January 1, 2025 onwards.

Factors mentioned in the balance of risks by the Copom in the latest meetings (orange = new inclusion compared to the previous meeting)										
July		Septe	ember	November						
Upside risks	Downside risks	Upside risks	Downside risks	Upside risks	Downside risks					
(i) a more prolonged period of unanchoring of inflation expectations (ii) a stronger-than-expected resilience of services inflation due to a tighter output gap (iii) a conjunction of internal and external economic policies with an inflationary impact, for example, through a persistently more depreciated currency Source: Central Bank, Itaú.	the global economic activity (ii) an impact on global inflation larger than expected from synchronized monetary policy tightening	(i) a more prolonged period of unanchoring of inflation expectations (ii) a stronger-than-expected resilience of services inflation due to a tighter output gap (iii) a conjunction of internal and external economic policies with an inflationary impact, for example, through a persistently more depreciated currency	the global economic activity (ii) an impact on global inflation larger than expected from synchronized monetary policy tightening	(i) a more prolonged period of unanchoring of inflation expectations (ii) a stronger-than-expected resilience of services inflation due to a tighter output gap (iii) a conjunction of internal and external economic policies with an inflationary impact, for example, through a persistently more depreciated currency	(i) greater deceleration of the global economic activity (ii) an impact on global inflation larger than expected from synchronized monetary policy tightening					

iSent, Itaú's Central Bank Sentiment Classifier

Our iSent Central Bank Classifier 1 remains in positive territory (0.50).

Classifier in positive territory



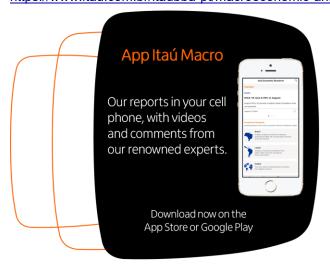
Source: BCB, Itaú

¹ Based on GPT-4, developed by our data science team using sentences published in central bank's official documents labeled by our economists. Our labeled dataset consists of approximately 1,000 sentences extracted from official documents published by the Brazilian Central Bank. Each sentence was classified as dovish, neutral, hawkish, or out of context, the index is constructed on the relative presence of each class. The index ranges from -1 to 1, getting higher as the tone is perceived as more hawkish. iSent-BCB shows good adherence to current and future moves in interest rates in Brazil (correlation around 0.8).

Macro Research - Itaú

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